

Hazard Register



Type	SEWING MACHINE	Location	GENERIC
Make	GENERIC	Lot Number	SEWING MACHINE
Model	Generic	Sale Number	null
Serial Number		Vendor Number	

ID	Hazard Type	Hazard Description
29804.1	Plant Operation	THIS PLANT SHOULD BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH AN EARTH LEAKAGE CIRCUIT BREAKER (ELCB)
29804.2	Plant Operation	LABELS NEED TO BE AFFIXED ADJACENT TO OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS
29804.3	Plant Operation	PLANT SHOULD BE ASSESSED FOR NOISE GENERATION
29804.4	Plant Operation	THERE ARE NO MAINTENANCE RECORDS FOR THIS PLANT
29804.5	Plant Operation	THE WORK AREA ADJACENT TO THIS PLANT MUST BE KEPT CLEAR OF OBSTRUCTIONS AND PEDESTRIANS
29804.6	Plant Operation	THERE ARE NO OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PLANT
29804.7	Plant Operation	THIS PLANT SHOULD BE OPERATED BY TRAINED PERSONNEL

Please refer to asset safety information overleaf

Hazard Register

Occupational Health and Safety

Plant Safety

Purchaser Information

This plant health and safety information has been prepared by Graysonline for the purchaser of the plant item as required by National and State OHS Legislation. Whilst every effort has been made to identify all of the hazards, it should be recognised that such hazards have been identified given due consideration to the state of knowledge of the plant item.

If this plant item is being purchased for use at a place of work, the purchaser is reminded of their obligations to review the hazard register and in consultation with employees, prepare a formal risk assessment for the operation of the plant item in the new environment.

In order to assess the risk, it is necessary to consider the likelihood of an incident that would impact (consequence) on health and safety at the workplace. The following guidelines are provided to assist the purchaser to complete the plant assessment.

Likelihood

- Frequency and duration of exposure
- Probability of occurrence of hazard or event (including part history of incidents)
- Possibility to avoid / minimize or limit the damage, impact or harm
- Reliability and effectiveness of existing / established systems of control

Consequences

- Assume “worst case” injury, but also competent follow-up medical and rehabilitation support
- Consider forces or energy levels, highest belt tensions, size of gears, pulleys or other entrapment points and therefore body parts likely to be injured
- Consider sharpness of entrapment points, surrounding parts likely to exacerbate injury, and any give in the entrapment point
- Consider, will entrapment continue until plant is stopped, or can an injured part travel through the entrapment area
- Are temperatures of plant, or chemicals, likely to further injure entrapped person

The outcome of the risk assessment will be a prioritised list of risk control strategies and actions consistent with the following ratings:

Low risk- may be considered acceptable, where the existing controls in place are seen to be effective, requiring periodic monitoring for effectiveness.

Medium risk- considered to be unacceptable and requiring additional risk controls within medium to long term.

High risk – considered to be unacceptable and requiring action within the short to medium term.

Extreme risk – unacceptable, where immediate action required.

In all situations, employees/operators must be made aware of the control measures in place to protect them from the plant hazards.